

State of Small Family Child Care Homes in Hawaii

39% of total points	Score*: 54/140 Rank*: 20
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Number of children in care when state licensing begins:*	4
Inspection or visit before being licensed:	Yes

Supply of FCC Homes in 2008

Number of FCC homes	555
Number of spaces/slots in FCC homes	2,738

Average Price of Child Care in FCC Homes in 2008

For an infant	\$7,056
For a 4-year old	\$6,888

Weaknesses

- Allows providers to care for up to three children for pay without being licensed.
- Routine inspection visits are not unannounced.
- Does not conduct a background check using juvenile records.
- Does not require providers to have completed a high school education or GED.
- Providers are only required to have eight hours of initial training in CPR and first aid.
- Requires only four hours of annual training.
- Requires providers to have toys and materials in only four of eight different developmental areas - motor development, art, and offer dramatic play. The only other stipulation is that they have materials that are culturally sensitive.
- Regulations address six of the 10 safety requirements - discipline, electrical hazards, protection from swimming pool and other water sources, fire drills/emergency plans, outdoor playground surfaces and transportation.

Strengths

- Inspects FCC providers before licensing, when there are complaints and at least once a year.
- Licensed FCC providers and their substitutes and assistants are required to have background checks. Exempt providers receiving subsidies are required to have background checks.
- Background checks are based on fingerprints, and include checks of criminal records, child abuse registries and sex offender registries.
- Providers are required to communicate with parents about the care of their children, have a contract with parents, allow parents access to their homes at all times and have written policies for parents.
- Providers must follow nine of the 10 health requirements - handwashing, meals and snacks, immunizations, exclusion of ill children, administration of medications, toxic substances, diapering/toileting, home sanitation and weekend/evening care.
- Total number of children under the age of 24 months that a single provider can care for at one time is restricted to two.

Recommendations

- Begin licensing when the provider cares for one or more unrelated children.
- Ensure some routine inspections are unannounced.
- Use juvenile records to conduct background checks.
- Require providers to have a high school diploma or GED and a CDA, college courses in early childhood education, or an AA degree within three years of licensing.
- Require providers to complete at least 40 hours of initial training including training in child development, child abuse prevention, learning activities, health and safety, child guidance, and business practices.
- Increase the required annual training to at least 24 hours.
- Require providers to have specific toys and materials to support all areas of development.
- Require providers put babies down to sleep on their backs to reduce the incidence of SIDS, observe crib safety, and install safety gates on stairs if infants and toddlers are present and door locks that can be opened from the outside on interior doors.

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Small Family Child Care Standards	
Standards for Ranking	Scores
1. Requires FCC homes to be inspected/visited before being licensed, at least quarterly, and when there is a complaint.♣	
2. Requires FCC home inspections/visits (routine and when there are complaints) to be unannounced.♣	
3. Requires licensed FCC providers, their substitutes and assistants, family members over 12 years of age, and exempt providers receiving subsidies to have a background check.	
4. Background checks include checks criminal records, juvenile records, child abuse registries and sex offender registries. Checks of federal records are based on fingerprints.	
5. Requires FCC providers to have a high school diploma or GED, and have the CDA■, college courses in ECE○ or an Associate's degree initially or within 3 years of starting to provide child care.	
6. Requires FCC providers to have at least 40 hours of initial training (including CPR and first aid).	
7. Requires FCC providers to have initial training in eight specific areas.⊖	

Small Family Child Care Standards	
Standards for Ranking	Scores
8. Requires FCC providers to have at least 24 hours of annual training (including CPR and first aid renewal).	
9. Requires FCC providers to communicate with parents, have contracts with parents, allow parents access to the home, inform parents on use of substitutes and give written policies to parents.	
10. Requires FCC providers to have toys and materials available in eight different developmental areas.⊗⊗	
11. Requires FCC providers to offer learning opportunities in eight different areas.⊗⊗⊗	
12. Limits the total number of children that can be cared for in a small FCC home based on the ages of children in care.	
13. Addresses 10 critical health areas.⊗⊗⊗⊗	
14. Addresses 10 critical safety issues.⊗⊗⊗⊗⊗	

Key:



*States receive a score of 0 if they do not license small family child care homes. States receive a score of 0 if they do not inspect or visit before licensing. States receive a score of 0 if the number of children the provider (including the provider's children) could care for pay is seven or above. The total maximum points a state could receive is 140.

♣Out of 50 states, plus the District of Columbia and the U.S. Department of Defense. ♣To derive the total number of children in care, NACCRRRA started with the number of children in care when state licensing begins. One child was added if the state does not include the provider's own children in establishing its licensing threshold. One child was added for each family exempted before licensing begins. ♣Credit is given for licensing, fire, safety and health inspections. ■Child Development Associate credential. ○Early Childhood Education. ⊖The eight areas of initial training are child development, child abuse prevention, learning activities, health and safety, child guidance, business practices, CPR and first aid. ⊗⊗The eight different types of toys and materials include those for: motor development, language and literacy, art, math, science, dramatic play, books for all ages and materials that are culturally sensitive. ⊗⊗⊗The eight types of learning opportunities are: plan a variety of learning activities, read to children, introduce mathematical concepts, offer creative activities, offer dramatic play, offer active play, encourage self-help skills and limit use of television. ⊗⊗⊗⊗The 10 health areas are: hand washing, meals and snacks, immunizations, exclusion of ill children, universal health requirements, administration of medications, toxic substances, diapering/toileting, home sanitation and weekend/evening care. ⊗⊗⊗⊗⊗The 10 safety areas are: SIDS prevention, discipline/prohibiting corporal punishment, crib safety, electrical hazards, protection from swimming pools and other water sources, fire drills/emergency plans, outdoor playground surfaces, supervision, door locks/safety gates and transportation.

Source for regulatory information: State regulations reviewed by staff at the National Association of Child Care Resource & Referral Agencies and by state resource and referral and/or state licensing staff and are current as of 2/1/2010. Source for capacity and price information: National Association of Child Care Resource & Referral Agencies and its members. All capacity and price information reported are 2008 data.